

User Manual 4.15 Matrices

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Introduction

Scope

This section will focus on the following aspects :

- Matrix3D and Vector3D
- Generic Matrices
- UD Decomposition

Javadoc

The relevant packages are documented here :

Library	Javadoc
Patrius	[[[:Modèle:JavaDoc4.15]]/fr/cnes/sirius/patrius/math/linear/package-summary.html Package fr.cnes.sirius.patrius.math.linear]
Patrius	[[[:Modèle:JavaDoc4.15]]/fr/cnes/sirius/patrius/math/geometry/euclidean/threed/package-summary.html Package fr.cnes.sirius.patrius.math.geometry.euclidean.threed]

Links

None as of now.

Useful Documents

None as of now.

Packages Overview

The matrices functionality can be found in the following packages :

- `fr.cnes.sirius.patrius.math.geometry.euclidean.threed` for Vector3D, Matrix3D
- `fr.cnes.sirius.patrius.math.linear` for RealMatrix, AbstractRealMatrix, Array2DRowRealMatrix, UDDecomposition, UDDecompositionImpl ...

Please note that not all implementations are present in the following diagram for the sake of clarity.



Features Description

The Matrix3D class

The Matrix3D is a real matrix designed to be used in geometric calculations. The Matrix3D is

compatible with the Vector3D type, unlike the matrices implemented in the package "linear".

The packages "linear" and "geometry" both contains classes to represent vectors and matrices, but without any compatibility (for example, the "multiply" methods availables in the generic real matrices only accept the objects from the "linear" package).

To make possible the operations using both types of vectors and matrices, a constructor and a getter are added to the Vector3D and Matrix3D classes.

The constructor creates the object from a similar one (containing the same data) from the "linear" package.

For vectors :

```
ArrayRealVector realVector = new ArrayRealVector(data);  
Vector3D vector3D = new Vector3D(realVector);
```

For matrices, the operation is described in the previous paragraph.

This construction works only if the generic real vectors and matrices dimensions are right (3 for the vectors and 3x3 for the matrices).

The getters are : "getRealMatrix()" in the Matrix3D class and "getRealVector()" in the Vector3D class. They return the generic objects containing identical data.

Generic real matrices

The library also provides generic representations of real matrices, of any size.

The RealMatrix interface presents the following services :

- usual operations (adding, multiplying)
- extraction of submatrices
- symmetry and antisymmetry tests
- orthogonality tests
- diagonality tests
- invertibility tests

The Array2DRowRealMatrix is one available implementation for generic real matrices.

Decompositions

PATRIUS provides several ways for matrix decomposition. Interface for decomposition is Decomposition. A decomposition provides a way to:

- Inverse a matrix
- Separate a matrix into a product of specific matrices (orthogonal, upper triangular, etc.) depending on the solver type.

Standard decomposition in PATRIUS are:

- QRDecomposition
- LUDecomposition
- CholeskyDecomposition
- SingularValueDecomposition
- UDDecompositionImpl

RealMatrix interface possesses a method to get its inverse. If not provided, by default a LUDecomposition is used. The QR decomposition method implements an optimisation option which is able to provide an improved process pour des matrices creuses (option "parallel" to be used for the related constructor).

Example with UD decomposition

The library can compute the UD decomposition of a matrix.

The UD-decomposition of the matrix A is a set of three matrices such that $A = UxDxU^{t^t}$ with :

- U is an upper triangular matrix,
- D is a diagonal matrix,
- U^{t^t} is the transpose of U.

Symmetric matrices

Symmetric matrices are handled through the generic SymmetricMatrix interface. An implementation is provided: ArrayRowSymmetricMatrix. This implementation optimally stores data in one single 1D-array.

Getting Started

Matrix3D and Vector3D

The Matrix3D class

A Matrix3D instance be constructed from doubles :

```
double[][] data = { {1d,2d,3d}, {2d,5d,3d}, {1d,0d,8d} };
```

```
Matrix3D matrix3d = new Matrix3D(data);
```

Or from a RealMatrix :

```
Array2DRowRealMatrix matrixCM = new Array2DRowRealMatrix(data);
```

```
Matrix3D matrix3D = new Matrix3D(matrixCM);
```

If the RealMatrix or data dimensions are not 3x3, a MathIllegalArgumentException is thrown.

Some basic methods are available in it :

- Matrix3D / Matrix3D addition

```
Matrix3D matrix3d_result = matrix3d_1.add(matrix3d_2);
```

- Matrix3D / Matrix3D subtraction

```
Matrix3D matrix3d_result = matrix3d_1.subtract(matrix3d_2);
```

- Matrix3D / Matrix3D multiplication

```
Matrix3D matrix3d_result = matrix3d_1.multiply(matrix3d_2);
```

- Matrix3D / Vector3D multiplication

```
Vector3D vector3d_result = matrix3d.multiply(vector3d);
```

- Matrix3D / double multiplication

```
Matrix3D matrix3d_result = matrix3d.multiply(2.0);
```

- transposition

```
Matrix3D transposed_matrix3d = matrix3d.transpose();
```

- minimum

```
double min = matrix3d.getMin();
```

- maximum

```
double max = matrix3d.getMax();
```

- absolute values

```
RealMatrix abs_matrix3d = matrix3d.getAbs();
```

- transposition and Matrix3D / Vector3D multiplication

```
Vector3D vector3d_result = matrix3d.transposeAndMultiply(vector3d);
```

- test : orthogonal matrix ? Uses the same-named function in AbstractRealMatrix : same principle, same use.
- getRealMatrix : returns an Array2dRowRealMatrix with the same data in it

```
RealMatrix realmatrix = matrix3d.getRealMatrix();
```

- toString : creates a string containing all the values.


```
RealMatrix matrix = new Array2DRowRealMatrix(orthogonalMatrix);
matrix.isOrthogonal(Precision.EPSILON, Precision.EPSILON);
```

Of course, because a matrix usually results from several operations which can introduce numerical errors, one has to give 2 thresholds under which the matrix is considered to be orthogonal. These thresholds concern the normality and the orthogonality of the column vectors of the matrix.

Diagonal test

In order to know if a real matrix is diagonal, one can use the method `isDiagonal()` :

```
double[][] diagonalMatrix = {{ 4.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0 },
    { 0.0, -1.0, 0.0, 0.0 },
    { 0.0, 0.0, 5.0, 0.0 },
    { 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 9.0 }};
RealMatrix matrix = new Array2DRowRealMatrix(diagonalMatrix);
matrix.isDiagonal(Precision.EPSILON);
```

Of course, because a matrix usually results from several operations which can introduce numerical errors, one has to give a threshold under which the non diagonal elements are considered to be zero ie the matrix is considered to be diagonal.

Invertible test

In order to know if a real matrix is invertible, one can use the method `isInvertible()`, this method checks if the n column vectors form a basis of R_n :

```
double[][] nonSingularMatrix = {{ 4.0, 2.0, -1.5, 2.0 },
    { 6.0, 8.0, 2.1, 2.5 },
    { 2.0, 1.0, -0.75, 1.0 },
    { -1.0, 0.0, 0.0, -0.5 }};
RealMatrix matrix = new Array2DRowRealMatrix(nonSingularMatrix);
matrix.isInvertible(Precision.EPSILON);
```

Of course, because a matrix usually results from several operations which can introduce numerical errors, one has to give a threshold under which the column vectors are considered linearly dependant.

UD decomposition

The UDDecompositionImpl class

The `UDDecompositionImpl` class is the one performing the UD-decomposition of a matrix.

If the `RealMatrix A` is not square, a `NonSquareMatrixException` is thrown. If the `RealMatrix A` is not symmetric, a `NonSymmetricMatrixException` is thrown. If the `RealMatrix A` is not positive definite, a

NonPositiveDefiniteMatrixException is thrown.

Two constructors are available :

- default constructor :

```
UDDecompositionImpl(matrix, relativeSymmetryThreshold, absolutePositivityThreshold)
```

with

- **matrix** = matrix to factorize,
 - **relativeSymmetryThreshold** = threshold above which off-diagonal elements are considered too different and matrix not symmetric,
 - **absolutePositivityThreshold** = threshold below which diagonal elements are considered null and matrix not positive definite

- basic constructor :

```
UDDecompositionImpl(matrix)
```

with

- **matrix** = matrix to factorize with `relativeSymmetryThreshold = DEFAULT_RELATIVE_SYMMETRY_THRESHOLD (1.0e-15)` and `absolutePositivityThreshold = DEFAULT_ABSOLUTE_POSITIVITY_THRESHOLD (0.0)`

The following methods are available in it :

```
final UDDecomposition udut = new UDDecompositionImpl(matrix);
```

- get the U matrix

```
RealMatrix Umatrix = udut.getU();
```

- get the D matrix

```
RealMatrix Dmatrix = udut.getD();
```

- get the $U^t U$ matrix

```
RealMatrix UTmatrix = udut.getUT();
```

- get the determinant

```
double d = udut.getDeterminant();
```

- get the solver based on the UD decomposition

```
DecompositionSolver s = udut.getSolver();
```

Contents

Interfaces

The most relevant interfaces related to matrices are listed here :

Interface	Summary	Javadoc
Vector	This interface represents a generic vector in a vectorial space or a point in an affine space.	[[[:Modèle:JavaDoc4.15]]/fr/cnes/sirius/patrius/math/geometry/Vector.html ...]
RealMatrix	Interface defining a real-valued matrix with basic algebraic operations.	[[[:Modèle:JavaDoc4.15]]/fr/cnes/sirius/patrius/math/linear/RealMatrix.html ...]
SymmetricMatrix	Interface for symmetric matrices.	[[[:Modèle:JavaDoc4.15]]/fr/cnes/sirius/patrius/math/linear/SymmetricMatrix.html ...]
SymmetricPositiveMatrix	Interface for symmetric positive matrices.	[[[:Modèle:JavaDoc4.15]]/fr/cnes/sirius/patrius/math/linear/SymmetricPositiveMatrix.html ...]
Decomposition	Interface for matrices decompositions.	[[[:Modèle:JavaDoc4.15]]/fr/cnes/sirius/patrius/math/linear/Decomposition.html ...]
DecompositionSolver	Interface for matrices decompositions solvers. In particular thses solvers provides the inverse of a matrix.	[[[:Modèle:JavaDoc4.15]]/fr/cnes/sirius/patrius/math/linear/DecompositionSolver.html ...]
UDDecomposition	An interface to classes that implement an algorithm to calculate the UD-decomposition of a real matrix.	[[[:Modèle:JavaDoc4.15]]/fr/cnes/sirius/patrius/math/linear/UDDecomposition.html ...]

Classes

The most relevant classes related to matrices are listed here :

Class	Summary	Javadoc
Vector3D	This class implements vectors in a three-dimensional space.	[[[:Modèle:JavaDoc4.15]]/fr/cnes/sirius/patrius/math/geometry/euclidean/threed/Vector3D.html ...]

Matrix3D	This is a real 3x3 matrix designed to be used in geometric calculations. It is compatible with the Vector3D type.	[[[:Modèle:JavaDoc4.15]]/fr/cnes/sirius/patrius/math/geometry/euclidean/threed/Matrix3D.html ...]
Array2DRowRealMatrix	Implementation of RealMatrix using a double[][] array to store entries and LU decomposition to support linear system solution and inverse.	[[[:Modèle:JavaDoc4.15]]/fr/cnes/sirius/patrius/math/linear/Array2DRowRealMatrix.html ...]
ArrayRowSymmetricMatrix	Implementation of a symmetric matrix, implementing AbstractRealMatrix using a double[] array to store entries : storage convention is symmetric conventional full storage.	[[[:Modèle:JavaDoc4.15]]/fr/cnes/sirius/patrius/math/linear/ArrayRowSymmetricMatrix.html ...]
DiagonalMatrix	Implementation of a diagonal matrix.	[[[:Modèle:JavaDoc4.15]]/fr/cnes/sirius/patrius/math/linear/DiagonalMatrix.html ...]
QRDecomposition	Calculates the QR decomposition of a matrix.	[[[:Modèle:JavaDoc4.15]]/fr/cnes/sirius/patrius/math/linear/QRDecomposition.html ...]
LUDecomposition	Calculates the LU decomposition of a matrix.	[[[:Modèle:JavaDoc4.15]]/fr/cnes/sirius/patrius/math/linear/LUDecomposition.html ...]
CholeskyDecomposition	Calculates the Cholesky decomposition of a matrix.	[[[:Modèle:JavaDoc4.15]]/fr/cnes/sirius/patrius/math/linear/CholeskyDecomposition.html ...]
SingularValueDecomposition	Calculates the SVD decomposition of a matrix.	[[[:Modèle:JavaDoc4.15]]/fr/cnes/sirius/patrius/math/linear/SingularValueDecomposition.html ...]

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